THE

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

WEDNESDAY, *July* 11, 1750.

No. 272.

From the LONDON MAGAZINE, *for* April 1750.

RUSSIA.

M. Guy Dickens, the Britiſh envoy, has lately acquainted this court that the king his maſter, hopes that her imperial majeſty, for the ſake of peace, and out of regard to the ſollicitations of her allies, would ſend no troops into the Swediſh territories in Finland; that as Sweden muſt look on this as an act of hoſtility, if it ſhould occaſion a rupture, her allies would not think themſelves oblig'd to furniſh thoſe ſuccours which could only be demanded by the power attacked. The anſwer was, that what her imperialmajeſty required of Sweden, tended only to cement friendſhip between the two nations; that Sweden having declared that it never intended to reſtore deſpotiſm, and this act having been confirm'd by a public act addreſs'd to the Swediſh nation, it ſeems that that court ſhould not ſhew any reluctance to add ſuch ſecurities as her imperial majeſty demanded, to prevent any future uneaſineſs.

GERMANY.

There is great probability, from the appearances of affairs in the north, that if the empreſs of Ruſſia ſhould commit hoſtilities upon Sweden, France would declare war againſt her; and if the empreſs queen ſhould furniſh Ruſſia with ſuccours, France would fall upon the Auſtrian low countries, under a pretence of making a diverſion, as an ally to Sweden. The king of Pruſſia, who holds ſome provinces gained both from Sweden and the empreſs queen, would alſo take part with the former to gain ſtill more from the latter. So precarious is the peace of Europe, when a difference between two of the remoteſt powers is capable of throwing it into a general war.

ITALY.

Turin, April 10. The lords and ladies of diſtinction appointed to receive the infanta of Spain, ſet out yeſterday for the frontiers of that kingdom. This train conſiſts of 425 perſons, amongſt whom there are 136 in livery. Beſides the coach and litter deſigned for the infanta, which are extremely magnificent, there are three coaches and ſix, thirty two chariots, twelve chaiſes with four horſes, 255 mules with baggage, beſides 140 laden with the royal equipage, and 278 ſaddle-horſes, &c.

FRANCE.

The deciſion of a very ſingular diſpute is expected with great impatience. In a caſe that came on before the parliament of Bourdeaux, an advocate was charged with advancing many things in prejudice of the defendant's character, which were not relative to the matter in diſpute. The advocate inſiſted, that he had delivered nothing but in purſuance of the plaintiff's inſtructions. The plaintiff denied giving him any ſuch inſtructions; upon which the court ordered the advocate to give the defendant ſatisfaction. At this the whole bar took offence, and refuſed to continue their functions. After the vacation, when the parliament ſat again, and none of the advocates appeared, the parliament fixed a day for the appearance of the whole body, to renew their oaths. When the day came the advocates appeared, but without gowns. The parliament, exaſperated by this procedure, made a new order, by which they deprived them of the privilege of pleading in any court, and at the ſame time directed, that the attorneys ſhould act as advocates, that buſineſs might not be at a ſtand. The gentlemen of the bar have appealed to the privy council againſt this order, and both parties are very ſpeedily to be heard.

HOLLAND.

Private letters from the Hague are far from applauding the new regulations here; on the contrary it is aſſerted that they have cauſed above 30,000 of the inhabitants, ſome of them no inconſiderable perſonages for wealth and property, to diſpoſe of their effects, and ſlip away, ſome to one country and ſome to another, but moſt of them to England. The city of Amſterdam is ſurrounded with troops; and theſe, inſtead of being removed at the inſtances of the burgomaſters and magiſtrates, are daily reinforced by ſmall detachments, ſome of whom are advanced before the very gates. And when any diſturbances happen, daily ſacrifices are made of the ringleaders of the mutineers, as they are called, who are publicly executed by way of example. This is repreſented as the unhappy ſituation of a country once famous for liberty; but now gradually ſinking into an abject ſtate; at one time in danger of falling a prey to foreign enemies; at another of being deprived of its antient privileges, by the artifices of its own ambitious members.

LONDON.

March 29. The preſident and deacons of Sion college, waited on the Biſhop of London, to return his lordſhip thanks, in the name of the clergy of the city of London, for his excellent letter on the late earthquakes.

April 4. The Scotch claims for the heretable juriſdictions began paying at the exchequer.

At Taunton aſſizes, were condemn'd, beſides 7 others for theft, and robberies, and afterwards repriev'd, John Perryman and Thomas Roach, 2 of the Briſtol colliers for pulling down Mr. Durbin's houſe; who were ordered for execution. [They ſuffered at Ivelcheſter on the 19th inſtant.]

Incredible numbers of people, being under ſtrong apprehenſions that London and Weſtminſter would be viſited with another and more fatal earthquake, on this night, according to the predictions of a crazy lifeguardman, and becauſe it would be juſt 4 weeks from the laſt ſhock, as that was from the firſt, left their houſes, and walk'd in the fields, or lay in boats all night; many people of faſhion in the neighbouring villages ſat in their coaches till day break; others went to a greater diſtance, ſo that the roads were never more throng'd, and lodgings were hardly to be procured at Windſor; ſo far, and even to their wits end, had their ſuperſtitious fears, or their guilty conſcience, driven them.

April 6. At the anniverſary meeting of the London hoſpital, the collection at the church and hall, including ſubſcriptions to the new building, was above 1100l.

His majeſty in council, declaring his intention of going abroad, nominated the following regents.

Thomas Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury;
Philip Lord Hardwick, Lord Chancellor;
Lionel Duke of Dorſet, Lord Preſident;
John Earl Gower, Lord Privy Seal;
Charles Duke of Marlborough, Lord Steward;
Charles Duke of Richmond, Maſter of Horſe;
John Duke of Bedford, Secretary of State;
Archibald Duke of Argyle;
John Earl of Sandwich, firſt Commiſſioner of the Admiralty;
William Earl of Harrington, Lord Lieut. of Ireland;
Henry Pelham, Eſq; firſt Commiſſioner of the Treaſury.

Sept.

Some account of John Collington, *who was executed at* Maidstone *in* Kent, *April* 7, 1750, *for hiring* John Stone *and* William Luckhurst, *to burn the Barns, &c. of Mr.* John Clarke, *of* Throwleigh.

This man, whose whole life was a series of enormities, was notwithstanding seduced by no other temptation than the gratification of malice. It may be said of almost all other persons who have incurred capital punishment, either that they were actuated by the hope of getting money, which must be considered as a capacity to gratify every other desire, or that they were under the influence of some sudden and irresistible impulse, which hurried them into the commission of a crime, from which, if it had been delay'd a few minutes, they wou'd have been delivered by the predominance of humanity, or the return of reason: But Collington persisted in the exercise of deliberate, inflexible malevolence, and as far as it was in his power, to the last moment of his life.

He was the son of Mr. Collington, rector of Pluckley in Kent, a living, worth near 300*l.* per Annum, who, besides, had a considerable paternal estate. At about 14 years of age he was put apprentice to a grocer in London, and for his misbehaviour turn'd over to another master, where he soon became insupportable, and was turn'd away; he afterwards lived with a grocer at Maidstone, who endured him 3 quarters of a year; his father next set him up in a well accustomed grocer's and chandler's shop in Rye, but he soon lost the trade, and removed to Charing in Kent, where the same ill conduct produced the same effect, and he was universally shunned and despised.

About this time, being a personable man, he married the daughter of counsellor Wheeler, who brought him so considerable a fortune, that a jointure of 1200*l.* per Annum was settled upon her; by this wife he had 10 children, 4 of which are now living.

He wou'd not suffer his children to be baptised, and he buried the six that died in his own orchard, to save charges; he frequently beat his wife till her life was in danger, and kept her many days in a saw-pit without any sufferance; to which he had no other provocation than her having interceded for her children, on whom he exercised great cruelty. Mrs. Collington being with child desired him to get her a partridge, which he did, but soon after it was brought in, he beat one of his children unmercifully, and resented the mother's intreaties to forbear, with such brutal cruelty, that he took the partridge when brought in to the table and gave it to his dogs. This treatment caused a miscarriage, and the next time she was pregnant he kicked her down stairs, and afterwards stamp'd on her breast; the bruise terminated in a cancer, and the cancer in her death; for this murder he would have been prosecuted, if he had not silenced the persons who alone were able to prove the fact, by giving them money.

About 14 years ago on the death of his father he removed to Throwleigh, where great part of the estate to which he succeeded lay; at this place he lived as a gentleman farmer, and about 9 years ago married a second wife, the daughter of Mr. Franklyn of Rye. His behaviour here was such as made him feared and hated; he shot at many persons who came on his estate to seek for game, yet he constantly poached in other manors, particularly in the lady Rockingham's, who built a little house on her waste for a person to live in, to prevent his depredations; this house Collington hired Luckhurst, the evidence against him, to burn; who accordingly set it on fire, and it was consumed to ashes.

The series of events that brought on his death, is equally wicked and astonishing. Collington not only refused to give his children any education, but even to provide them with the necessaries of life; his eldest son, now about 16, who was heir to his mother's jointure and his father's real estate, he turned out of doors very young; and after begging some time as the rest of the children were forced to do, he was employed by the farmers, and is now a waggoner's mate; his second son, when about 12 years of age, he put into his saw-pit, and probably intended to starve him to death; for discovering that food had been secretly conveyed to him by his servants, he turned the child out of doors in a transport of rage, and could never be prevailed upon, either by argument or intreaty, to receive him again; the parish therefore had orders to provide for the child, and Mr. Clark, the churchwarden, took him into his house; money for the child's maintenance was demanded of Collington, and upon his refusal to pay it, the bench of justices granted a warrant of distress, which was levied by Mr. Clark and others. For this Collington vowed revenge, and accordingly soon after hired some outlaw'd smugglers to carry off Mr. Clark by force, and bring him to an appointed place, where they were to be met by Collington; this scheme was executed, Mr. Clark was forced out of his barn, and mounted behind one of the ruffians, from whom however he found means to escape into a farmer's house, tho' a carbine and pistol were discharged at him in his flight.

For this assault Collington was taken up, and as he refused to find securities for his appearance at the sessions, he was committed to Canterbury goal; while he was prisoner, he hired Stone and Luckhurst to burn Mr. Clark's barns, &c. which was accordingly effected, and for which Collington and Stone upon the evidence of Luckhurst, were convicted and executed.

Collington at his trial behaved with all the petulance of disappointed malice, he turned his back on the court, threatened his prosecutors, and insulted the judge. After his condemnation he continued implacable, and wish'd for life only that he might gratify his revenge.

April 12. Came on at Salisbury the tryal of 12 of the 18 Bristol rioters, removed hither by habeas corpus; the first Isaac Coles, after very full and clear evidence of his being one of the most active in cutting down a turnpike, was notwithstanding acquitted by the jury; next day William Denmeades, another principal rioter, was try'd by a new jury, and acquitted. Upon this the king's council found it was in vain to try any more. William Davis, being very old and deaf, was discharged, but the other 11 were bound over to appear at the next assizes to be held at Taunton to answer for misdemeanors. No bills were found against the other six.

PUBLIC AFFAIRS, March 31.

As to the affairs of the Dutch, and their reflections on what passes in the rest of Europe, we have nothing better concerning them than what is contained in the following extract of a letter from Amsterdam, dated March 20.

"Our merchants now begin to hope that their grievances, which are without number, will be redressed, since the prince Stadtholder has laid open the conduct of the Financiers, and has begun to cause report to be made to the States General, of the petitions which have been presented to him by different bodies of Tradesmen and Manufacturers, and are more than five hundred in number.

Our affairs in France go on but very indifferently, the ministers there shewing great backwardness to revive the Tariff of 1739, as we have been made to hope they would, in order to lull us asleep as usual. They now make our ships pay 50 sols per ton, and four sols per cent. They moreover prohibit the entry of our dry'd Herrings. What can we do in these affairs? We must submit, at least for a time, not being in a condition of doing ourselves justice. People are much surprized, that the court of France defers so long, under frivolous Pretences of ceremony, to send its ambassadors to Vienna and the Hague, and that these two courts have shewn no Impatience to send theirs to Paris; whereas the courts of Madrid, Versailles, and London, have already made each other this compliment.

The ministers of France, who reside in the several courts of the Empire, prove by their conduct, that the king their master foresees an event which will give fresh disturbance to all the powers of Europe. They labour with much more activity than ever to draw the courts where they reside, into the interest of France, and M. Follard goes from time to time to assist them therein; but it's confirm'd he has lost his labour at Munich, where there is no inclination shewn to come into the views of France.

March 26. They write from Malorstang, in the Parish of Kirbysteven, that one Richard Atkinson of that town, who is upwards of 100 years of age, has been married six times, and each time to a young woman, has now his present wife is downlying with child.

NEW YORK, June 11.

Thursday last as Col. William Ricket, of Elizabeth-town, with his wife and family, were going home from this city in his own boat, accompanied by some of his friends, they unfortunately left the burgee flying at their mast head; and on their coming abreast of his majesty's ship Greyhound, then lying in North-river, a gun was fired from the Greyhound at her; but not apprehending it to be at them, took no notice of it, on which a second directly followed; and the shot passing thro' the

the boat's mainsail, struck a young woman, nurse to one of Col. Rickets's children, on the head and kill'd her on the spot; she had the child in her arms, which happily received no hurt. The boat on this immediately put back to this city. And the coroner's inquest being summon'd, and evidences on both sides examin'd, they brought it in wilful murder. We hear that Capt. Roddam, commander of the Greyhound, was not on board his ship at the time.

Extract of a private letter from Boston.

....Trade is quite dead; the town as dull and still as on a Sunday; full of goods, but no money to buy; less paper than formerly, by £. 500,000, of our own province bills, besides all those of the other governments that used to pass here, and not so much silver stirring as we had before the treasury was opened: Not a dollar has come to my share yet:...All countenances dull: We curse one another, especially those are cursed that were for the act: No body lays out a penny, but for meer necessity; and in a few months time, there will not be a shilling passing. As soon as the dollars come out, they are shipp'd for *London*, *New York*, *Philadelphia*, or *Hispaniola*, or are laid up to worship! ...*What a deplorable picture is here!*

ANNAPOLIS.

On Wednesday Morning last Died in *Calvert* County, after a few Days Illness, regretted by all his Acquaintance, Mr. *Benson Bond*, one of the Representatives for that County.

We hear that Capt. *Addison* is arrived from *London*, in *Potowmack* River;

And Capt. *Simmons* is arrived in *Patuxent*.

Custom-House, ANNAPOLIS, *Entered*,

Sloop Ware, William Watling, from Virginia;
Schooner Peggy, William Davis, from Virginia;
Schooner Clarey, John Micou, from Virginia;

Cleared for Departure,

Ship Leathly, John Lukly, for Aberdeen;
Schooner Clarey, John Micou, for Virginia.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST PUBLISHED,

THE Votes and Proceedings of the Honourable the Lower House of Assembly, at their last Sitting.

Some few Copies, more than are bespoke, were Printed, which may be had of *Jonas Green*, at the usual Price.

The LAWS made last Session, are now in the Press, and will be published, and sent to the several Counties, in a few Weeks.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Friday the 27th of this Instant July, *at IV of the Clock in the Afternoon precisely, at the House of the Subscriber in* Annapolis,

THE Houshold Furniture, of *James Barrance*, late of this City, Deceased, consisting of Beds and Bedding, Tables, Chairs, Looking Glasses, Pewter, Brass and Iron Ware, &c.

ELIZABETH BARRANCE.

Annapolis, July 11, 1750.

RAN away on the 24th of *June*, from the subscriber, a Convict Servant Man named *Samuel Stead*, a lusty well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, of a brown Complexion, has a small scar in his Forehead, and a small dent a little above his Nose, has a twinkling with his Eyes when tax'd with any thing, and is a great lover of Drink; he had on and carried with him, a blue Serge Jacket with Leather Buttons, snuff colour'd Broad Cloath Breeches pretty much darn'd on the Knee, one Osnabrigs Shirt half worn, one white ditto, one Pair of new Osnabrigs Trowsers, one Pair of blue and one Pair grey worsted Stockings, a Pair of half worn Pumps with plain Copper Buckles, a blue and white Silk Handkerchief, a brown or Black Wig, and a Castor Hat pretty much worn, cropp'd round the brim. He went away with a Servant of Mr. *Joshua Gaither's* who is since taken.

Whoever secures the said Servant so that his Master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings if taken in this County, and Three Pounds if taken in any other County, and reasonable Charges if brought home.

Paid by T. B. WORTHINGTON,

Baltimore County, *July* 5, 1750.

RAN away last Sunday Night, Three Irish Convict Servant Men, viz.

Patrick Dersey, belonging to *James Richard*, living in *Baltimore*-Town; a short well set Fellow, Talks much on the Brogue, about 30 Years of Age, dark Complexion, much pitted with the Small Pox. Had on when he went away, an old Castor Hat, white Horse Hair Wig, blue Jacket, Check Shirt, Osnabrigs Breeches, dark Yarn Stocking, and *English* made Shoes.

Patrick Burn, belongs to *Samuel Norwood*, living at the *Baltimore* Iron Works; a short well set Fellow, about 30 Years of Age, brown Complexion, pitted with the Small Pox. He had on a blue Fearnothing Pea Jacket, blue Worsted Stockings, an old Castor Hat, Osnabrigs Shirt, Petticoat Trowsers, old *English* made Shoes, plain fully Buckles.

John Moore, belongs to the Subscriber, a tall well set Fellow, about 26 Years of Age, brown Complexion, and black Eyes. He had on a dark grey Wig, old Castor Hat, Check Shirt, short green Jacket without Sleeves, blue Pea Jacket, blue Cloth Breeches, grey Yarn Stockings, *English* made Shoes, and old Buckles.

It is supposed they Stole other Cloaths, being great Rogues. Whoever takes up the said Servants, and brings them to their Masters, shall have Forty Shillings Current Money Reward, for each, besides what the Law allows, and Reasonable Charges, paid by

ZACHARIAH MACKUBIN.

STOLEN, on the first of this Instant, from on board the Ship *Elizabeth*, Capt. *Alexander Scougall*, several Things belonging to *Joseph Trass*, Mate of the said Ship, viz.

A Case of 14 Bottles, with some Rum in them;
A pair of Red Everlasting Breeches;
A set of Silver Shoe and Knee Buckles } Marked I. T.
And a Silver Breeches Buckle;
A Silver Watch, made by *Richard Wills*, of *Truro*, the Number unknown;
A pair of new Pumps, and about Twelve Shillings Paper Currency.

They are supposed to have been Stolen by some Convict Servants, belonging to *Carroll's* Works, who ran away that Night, and are supposed to be gone off with a Boat belonging to Capt. *Dobbins*.

Whoever will secure the said Things, so that the Owner may have them again, or the Printer of this Paper, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward: And if offer'd to be pawn'd or Sold, it is desired they may be stopp'd.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the OWNER'S SUPPLY, *Capt.* THOMAS HOOPER *from* London,

And to be SOLD

By the Subscriber, at his Store in Annapolis,

A SORTABLE Parcel of *European* and *East India* Goods, very Cheap, for Sterling, Current Money, or Tobacco.

NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN.

N. B. The said *Maccubbin* hath also, just imported from *London*, Variety of Rigging, great and small. He likewise sells, Good *West India* Rum, and Barrel'd Pork, at Reasonable Rates.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the OWNER'S SUPPLY, *Capt.* THOMAS HOOPER, *from* London,

And to be SOLD

At very Reasonable Rates, by the Subscriber, at his Store near the Church in Annapolis,

A VARIETY of *European* and *India* Goods, for either Tobacco, Paper Money, Gold Currency or Sterling.

JAMES MACCUBBIN.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. *Benjamin Johns*, late of *Calvert* County, Merchant, deceased, are desired to pay their respective Debts, to the Subscribers, without further Notice or Trouble; and those who have any Demands against the said deceased's Estate, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted.

KENSY JOHNS,
WILLIAM HARRIS, } Administrators.

July 4, 1750.

RAN away from the Subscriber living on *Elk-Ridge*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, on the 2d of this Instant *July*, the two following Convict Servant Men, and one young Negro Fellow; viz.

John Wright, a Shoemaker by Trade, is a fly-looking Fellow, round-shoulder'd, has a red Nose, and one of his Fingers crooked; he had on an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, a dark colour'd Coat, with a large Cape to it.

William Cherryhome, a short thick Fellow, a Plowman, born in *Yorkshire*, and has yellow Hair; he had on an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, a white Fustian Coat, and a Country Cloth Jacket.

The Negro Fellow is named *Sam*; and has a large Scar on his Breast and Back.

Whoever secures the said Servants, so as the Subscriber may have them again, shall have Six Pounds Reward, if taken in *Maryland*; or if in *Virginia* or *Pennsylvania*, Eight Pounds; paid by

JOHN HAMMOND,
Son of CHARLES.

Talbot County, *July* 2, 1750.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Servant Man, named *John King*, a short thick Fellow; has a Mole on the right side of his Chin. He had on when he went away a coarse Osnabrigs Shirt, a Manx Cloth Jacket, light Duroy Breeches, Thread Stockings, and a new Felt Hat.

Whoever secures the said Servant, so as his Master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, if taken in *Maryland*, and Five Pounds if taken in *Virginia* or *Pennsylvania*.

JOSEPH SPENCER.

To be Sold by the Subscriber, at Saint Leonard's *Creek, in* Calvert *County, very reasonably,*

A LARGE Schooner, with all her Tackle; Also a Twenty-Four Hogshead Flat.

RACHEL HOOPPER, Executrix
of JACOB HOOPPER.

To be Sold by Public Vendue on Thursday the 13*th Day of* September *(being the first Thursday in the Provincial Court) at* 3 *of the Clock in the Afternoon,*

ONE Messuage and Two Acres of Land, more or less, being and lying in *Annapolis*, now in the Occupation of Mr. *George Atkinson*.

The Sale to be on the Premises,

GEORGE and ARAMINTA CATTO.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the Dwelling House of Mr. John Lomas, *on Wednesday the* 1*st Day of* August, *at* 2 *o'Clock in the Afternoon, and to continue till all are Sold,*

GREAT Variety of Houshold Goods, chiefly very good, consisting of Beds and Bedding, Tables, Chairs, a very good Jack, Pewter, Brass, and Iron-Ware, &c.

JOHN LOMAS.

A very good Dwelling House and Lot, situate over against the Dwelling House of *Edmund Jennings*, Esq; in *Annapolis*, which rents for 14*l.* a Year, in good Repair, to be Sold. Any Person inclining to purchase may treat with the said *Lomas*.

N. B. The said *John Lomas* intending for *London*, by this Shipping, hereby gives public Notice thereof.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. *James Shoemaker*, late of *Baltimore* County, Merchant, deceased, are desired to pay their respective Debts to the Subscriber, his Executrix, without further Notice or Trouble: And those who have any Demands against the said Deceased's Estate, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted.

ELIZABETH SHOEMAKER, Executrix.

TO BE SOLD,

On board the PRINCE FREDERICK, JAMES CAWLEY, *Commander, lying in the North West Branch of Patapsco,*

FINE *Dorchester* Ale, at 7*s.* Sterling *per* Dozen; fine *London* Ale, at 2*l.* 5*s.* Sterling *per* Hogshead; very fine White Wine, at 18*s.* Sterling *per* Dozen.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the BETSY, *Capt.* JAMES HALL, *from* London,

And to be SOLD

By the Subscriber, at his Store in Annapolis, *where Mr.* Robert Swan *lately kept Store,*

GREAT Variety of *European* and *East India* Goods, either by Wholesale or Retale, at very reasonable Rates, for ready Current Money, Gold, Silver, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, or short Credit.

JAMES DICK.

N. B. The said *Dick* has Variety of Rigging great and small, of the *London-Town* Make, to dispose of, at reasonable Rates.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Ship BETSY,

A VARIETY of *European* and *India* Goods; and are to be Sold at Reasonable Rates, by the Subscriber, near the Stadt-House, where Mr. *William Roberts* lately kept Store.

WILLIAM STEUART.

ANY Person, who wants Public Tobacco, in any of the Counties, except *Prince-George's* and *Frederick*, may be supplied, by applying to the Subscriber; who sells the Tobacco, belonging to the Honourable *Benjamin Young*, Esq;

CHARLES CARROLL.

FIVE PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 21st of *April* last, *John Maxfield*, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, lusty and well-set, by Trade a Shoemaker, and understands Gardening; he halts in his Gate, has large well'd Legs, and was born (as he says) in *Yorkshire*; but when he speaks fast, has a small Impediment in his Speech, and talks more like an *Irishman*: He has on a light-colour'd Cloth Coat, an Elk Skin Jacket, Leather Breeches, and a Flaxen Wig. Whoever secures him, so as the Subscriber may have him again, shall have Five Pistoles Reward.

DAVID ROSS.

Note, He is a sly palavering Fellow, and, if not well secur'd, will endeavour to escape.

April 18, 1750.

RAN away on the 12th of this Instant at Night, from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named *John Swanston*, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a lusty broad well-set Fellow, much pock-fretten, speaks the *Yorkshire* Dialect, has been brought up a Jockey, and understands making of Nets: It is probable he will make towards *Annapolis*, having liv'd some Time with Mr. *John Campbell* there. He had on a brown Coat mix'd with grey, a fustian Jacket, a light colour'd cotton ditto, both double breasted with brass buttons, a Pair of wide Trowsers, and a white Shirt. Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, living near *John Thomas*'s on *Snowden*'s Manor, shall receive a Pistole Reward.

HUGH THOMAS.

N. B. He is a bold impudent sly Fellow, and is supposed to have taken with him a young Bay Stallion, with a new Bridle and a middling good Saddle.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of *Richard Bennett*, late of *Queen Anne's* County, Esq; deceased, upon Bill, Bond, Account, or otherwise, are hereby desired to come and adjust their respective Ballances; And those who have any Demands on the Estate of the said *Richard Bennett*, are desired to bring in their Accounts, and they shall be duly paid by the Subscriber; who will attend on Monday and Wednesday in every Week, at his Dwelling-House on *Wye* River, in *Talbot* County, for the Purposes aforesaid.

EDWARD LLOYD, Executor.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Printer, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in *Charles-Street*; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper.